

Iran Foreign Policy Course Foreign Policy Analysis

Diplomacy



Without common interest, there is nothing to negotiate for.

Without **conflict**, there is nothing to **negotiate about**.



Instances:

- 1. Environment: Acid rains: Britain Scandinavia (Germany)
- 2. Trace: Customs tariff
- 3. Security: military competition (negative) / Security agreements (positive)



Levels of policy interdependence α Level of state power

Levels of state factor α (material power resources & levels of policy interdependence)



Negotiation results from different theoretical points of view:

Who wins the negotiation?

- Realists: materialistic power speaks,
- Liberals: structural cannot be translated into power across the board.



structural power v.s. issue-specific power



BATNA

Best Alternative To a Negotiated Agreement

determines the issue-specific power of an actor



Behavioral power tactics like:

- Threatening to veto any but the most favorable agreement,
- Building a coalition that alter the issue-specific power balance,
- Finding an alternative that lessens one's dependence upon agreement.

Liberals



In 2-party negotiations,
the final deal
reflects the issue-specific power balance
reflects the dependence of the parties to the deal.

With issue-specific power and behavioral power Smaller powers can potentially win the negotiations



Managing the Complexity in negotiations

- 1. Adding and subtracting issues and create a bargaining set
- 2. Coalition: structuring the negotiation into manageable groups
- 3. Leadership: Complexity demands leadership: solve 2 problems:
 - A. agenda failure
 - B. negotiator's dilemma: exaggerating the bottom-line



Two level games

- Domestic game: to secure ratification of the deal → what deal maximizes the chance to re-election?
- International game: to secure the best possible game → What is the most favorable game for national interest?





- 1. How they understand the negotiation?
- 2. Their orientation toward time
- 3. Their risk acceptance
- 4. Their protocol and proper behavior
- 5. Their decision making style



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