



مرکز مطالعات عالی بین المللی
دانشکده حقوق و علوم سیاسی
دانشگاه تهران

دیپلماسی، اثر هنری کسینجر: فصل چهاردهم: آغاز جنگ دوم بین الملل

ساسان کریمر

شهریور ۱۴۰۵

EUROPE

AFTER ONE YEAR OF WAR

AXIS POWERS SEPT. 1 1939
 AXIS POWERS OCCUPIED TERRITORY SEPT. 1 1940
 RUSSIAN OCCUPIED TERRITORY SEPT. 1 1940
 BULGARIAN OCCUPIED TERRITORY SEPT. 1 1940
 BOUNDARIES SEPT. 1 1939 — BOUNDARIES SEPT. 1 1940
 SCALE OF MILES 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 700





1 September 1939 – 2 September 1945

Main primary actors:

Germany – France – Britain

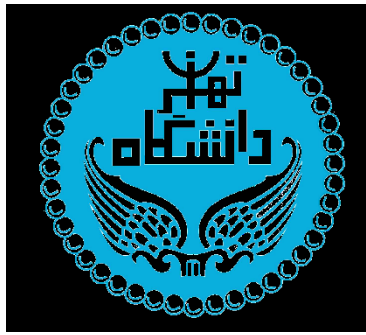
Middle players:

Soviet Union – United States of America

First victims:

Poland – Czechoslovakia – eastern Europe

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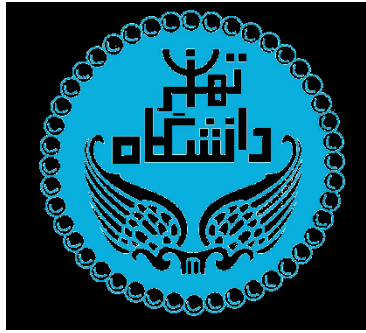
One month after start of the war:

Germany destroyed Poland,
France: decline of self confidence,

USSR: required amendment for the secret protocol with Germany,
mostly about dividing Poland: Hitler accepted.

September: red army occupied half of Poland,
October: Finland, resisted for a few months,

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Hitler's plans:

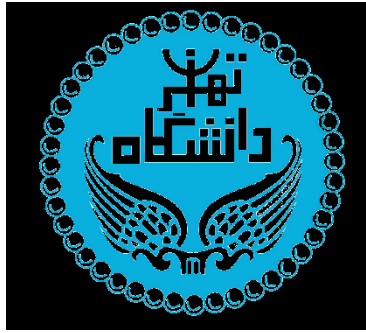
1. Deal with the UK: no British intervention in the continent,

Britain: cut the head of the small countries will lead to German attacks against itself,
US leadership: British idea, not good but same culture and less conflict of interests,

2. Attack UK and try to diminish its air force,
Stalin's cognitive fault: Hitler was not a Rational Actor, far away.

Point: Germany – USSR commercial deal, February 1940.

سید کریم



Trilateral agreement:

Germany – Italy – Japan: 27th September 1940

Fast track

Internal shadow on Soviet's foreign policy (P. 535)

USSR conditions to join the trilateral agreement (P. 542)

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German mistake: pushing Japan to enter the war

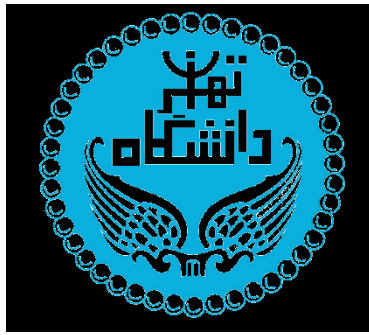
USSR – Japan

Molotov trip to Germany: readiness to step back

Unsuccessful

German attack eastward





از توجّه شما ممنونم

سپاس کریم